



# Year 11 GCSE Information Evening



*“Life in all its fullness.” John 10:10*



# *A positive start to the year*



- **Stable results**

Students with good attendance and attitude to learning are achieving at least their expected grade.

- **Consistency**

Additional experienced teachers employed.

- **Further Support**

New locations and processes introduced.

- **Behaviour Policy**

Progression made focusing on increased learning time in lessons.

- **Specialist Teachers**

Fully staffed.

- **School Site**

Care and consideration.



# Year 11

## English Language

### Exam Board: AQA



#### Key Takeaways from Mock 1/Areas of development:

- Exam technique is vital:
  - Not missing out questions (timing)
  - Being aware of *how* to answer questions (scaffolds and strategies practised in lessons)
  - Reading questions carefully (don't miss out on marks by not answering the topic of the question)

#### Useful Revision resources and websites:

- Seneca Learning
- BBC Bitesize
- Knowledge Organiser & revision booklet
- Past papers (we give booklets of these to students)

#### Topics in the November Mock 2 exams:

**Paper 2** – Writers' views and perspectives (50% of GCSE)

- 1 hour 45 minute exam
- 80 marks
- Section A: Reading – two literary non-fiction texts
- Section B: Writing – non-fiction, persuasive/argumentative

**(They will do Paper One again in their February mocks)**

#### Exam Dates:

- Paper One – Thursday  
21<sup>st</sup> May
- Paper Two – Friday 5<sup>th</sup>  
June

Students have 3 English Language lessons a fortnight – at least one of those will be spent in independent writing (practise, practise, practise!).



# Year 11

## English Literature

### Exam Board: AQA



#### Key Takeaways from Mock 1/Areas of development:

- Revision needed, especially for *An Inspector Calls* and *A Christmas Carol*
- Unseen Poetry: practise key strategies (look at the first line, last line, then the middle – tonal shifts & POETIC POEMS)

#### Useful Revision resources and websites:

- Seneca Learning
- BBC Bitesize
- Knowledge Organiser & revision booklet

#### Topics in the November Mock 2 exams:

Paper 1 – Shakespeare and the 19<sup>th</sup> Century Novel

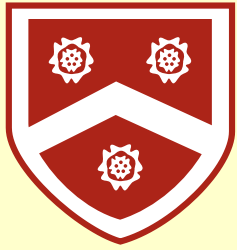
- 1 hour 45 minute exam
- 64 marks
- 40% of GCSE
- Section A – Macbeth: answer a question about an extract and the play as a whole
- Section B – A Christmas Carol: answer a question about an extract and the novel as a whole

**(Mock 3 in February will be Paper Two: poetry and *An Inspector Calls*)**

#### Exam Dates:

- Paper One –  
Monday 11<sup>th</sup> May
- Paper Two –  
Tuesday 19<sup>th</sup> May

Students have 5  
English Literature  
lessons a fortnight



# Maths



Exam board is Edexcel

100% examined (no coursework)

**THREE** written exams

Foundation Tier (Grade 1 – 5)

Higher Tier (Grade 3 – 9)

Paper 1	Non calculator (80 marks)	1 ½ hours (14 <sup>th</sup> May)
Paper 2	Calculator (80 marks)	1 ½ hours (3 <sup>rd</sup> June)
Paper 3	Calculator (80 marks)	1 ½ hours (10 <sup>th</sup> June)

All papers can contain content from the whole curriculum

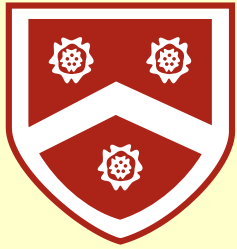


# GCSE Mathematics: Edexcel



## Estimated Grade Boundaries per Paper

GRADE	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
HIGHER %	85	72	60	45	32	20	14		
HIGHER Marks /80	66	56	46	36	25	16	10		
FOUNDATION %					75	60	45	30	14
FOUNDATION Marks /80					60	47	35	23	11



# Maths



## Exam aids (formula sheets)

### Perimeter, area and volume

Where  $a$  and  $b$  are the lengths of the parallel sides and  $h$  is their perpendicular separation:

$$\text{Area of a trapezium} = \frac{1}{2} (a + b) h$$

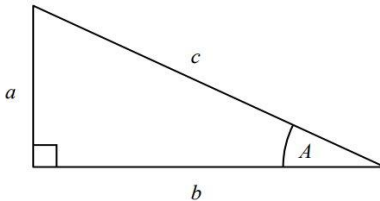
Volume of a prism = area of cross section  $\times$  length

Where  $r$  is the radius and  $d$  is the diameter:

$$\text{Circumference of a circle} = 2\pi r = \pi d$$

$$\text{Area of a circle} = \pi r^2$$

### Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry



In any right-angled triangle where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are the length of the sides and  $c$  is the hypotenuse:

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

In any right-angled triangle  $ABC$  where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are the length of the sides and  $c$  is the hypotenuse:

$$\sin A = \frac{a}{c} \quad \cos A = \frac{b}{c} \quad \tan A = \frac{a}{b}$$

### Compound Interest

Where  $P$  is the principal amount,  $r$  is the interest rate over a given period and  $n$  is number of times that the interest is compounded:

$$\text{Total accrued} = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n$$

### Probability

Where  $P(A)$  is the probability of outcome  $A$  and  $P(B)$  is the probability of outcome  $B$ :

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

END OF EXAM AID

### Perimeter, area and volume

Where  $a$  and  $b$  are the lengths of the parallel sides and  $h$  is their perpendicular separation:

$$\text{Area of a trapezium} = \frac{1}{2} (a + b) h$$

Volume of a prism = area of cross section  $\times$  length

Where  $r$  is the radius and  $d$  is the diameter:

$$\text{Circumference of a circle} = 2\pi r = \pi d$$

$$\text{Area of a circle} = \pi r^2$$

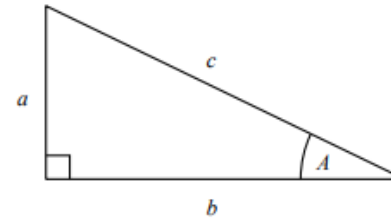
### Quadratic formula

The solution of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

where  $a \neq 0$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

### Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry

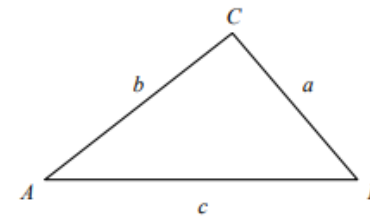


In any right-angled triangle where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are the length of the sides and  $c$  is the hypotenuse:

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

In any right-angled triangle  $ABC$  where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are the length of the sides and  $c$  is the hypotenuse:

$$\sin A = \frac{a}{c} \quad \cos A = \frac{b}{c} \quad \tan A = \frac{a}{b}$$



In any triangle  $ABC$  where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are the length of the sides:

$$\text{sine rule: } \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\text{cosine rule: } a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$$

### Compound Interest

Where  $P$  is the principal amount,  $r$  is the interest rate over a given period and  $n$  is number of times that the interest is compounded:

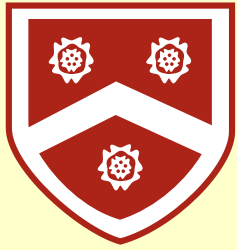
$$\text{Total accrued} = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^n$$

### Probability

Where  $P(A)$  is the probability of outcome  $A$  and  $P(B)$  is the probability of outcome  $B$ :

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A \text{ given } B) P(B)$$



# Maths



More formulas  
you need to know

edexcel

## Edexcel GCSE (9-1) Maths: need-to-know formulae

[www.edexcel.com/gcsemathsformulae](http://www.edexcel.com/gcsemathsformulae)

Areas	
Rectangle = $l \times w$	
Parallelogram = $b \times h$	
Triangle = $\frac{1}{2} b \times h$	
Trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$	

Volumes	
Cuboid = $l \times w \times h$	
Prism = area of cross section $\times$ length	
Cylinder = $\pi r^2 h$	
Volume of pyramid = $\frac{1}{3} \times$ area of base $\times$ h	

Circles	
Circumference = $\pi \times$ diameter, $C = \pi d$	
Circumference = $2 \times \pi \times$ radius, $C = 2\pi r$	
Area of a circle = $\pi \times$ radius squared $A = \pi r^2$	

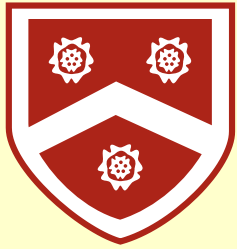
Pythagoras	
Pythagoras' Theorem For a right-angled triangle, $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$	
Trigonometric ratios (new to F) $\sin x^\circ = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$ , $\cos x^\circ = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$ , $\tan x^\circ = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$	

Compound measures	
Speed $\text{speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$	
Density $\text{density} = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$	
Pressure $\text{pressure} = \frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$	

Trigonometric formulae	
Sine Rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$	
Cosine Rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$	
Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$	

Foundation tier formulae | Higher tier formulae

ALWAYS LEARNING | PEARSON



# Maths



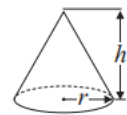
A small number will be in the paper for you.

19 Shape S is one quarter of a solid sphere. centre  $O$ .

15 A cone has a volume of  $98 \text{ cm}^3$ .  
The radius of the cone is  $5.13 \text{ cm}$ .

(a) Work out an estimate for the height of the cone.

$$\text{Volume of cone} = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$



.....cm

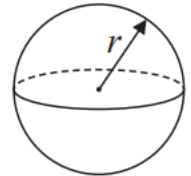
(3)

John uses a calculator to work out the height of the cone to 2 decimal places.

(b) Will your estimate be more than John's answer or less than John's answer?  
Give reasons for your answer.

$$\text{Volume of sphere} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$\text{Surface area of sphere} = 4\pi r^2$$



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

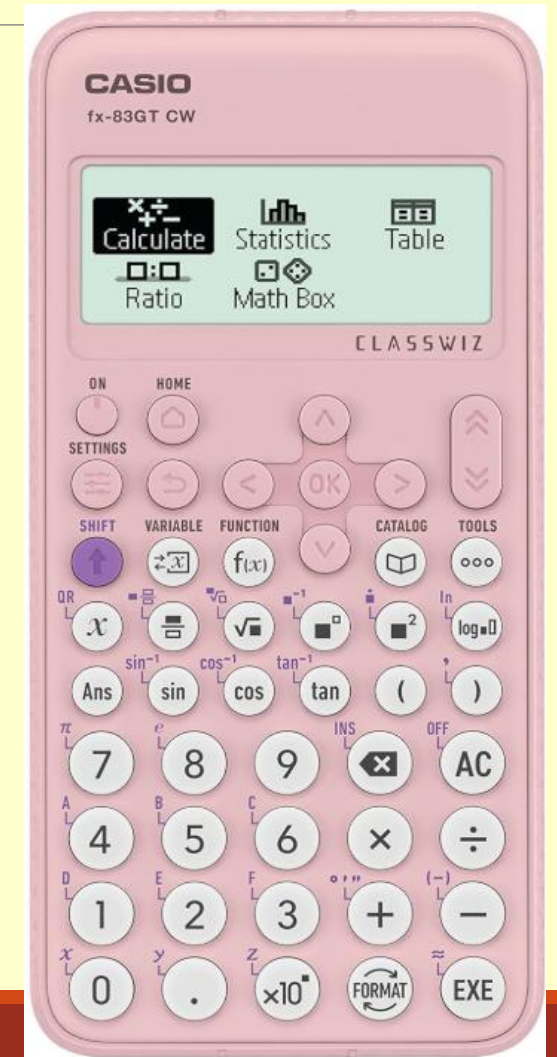
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WRITE IN THIS AREA

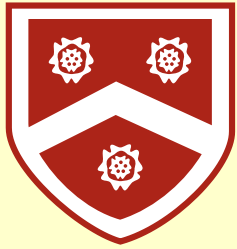
AREA

25 A force of 70  
The force is in  
The area is in  
Helen says,  
  
Is Helen corre  
You must sho

# Scientific Calculators



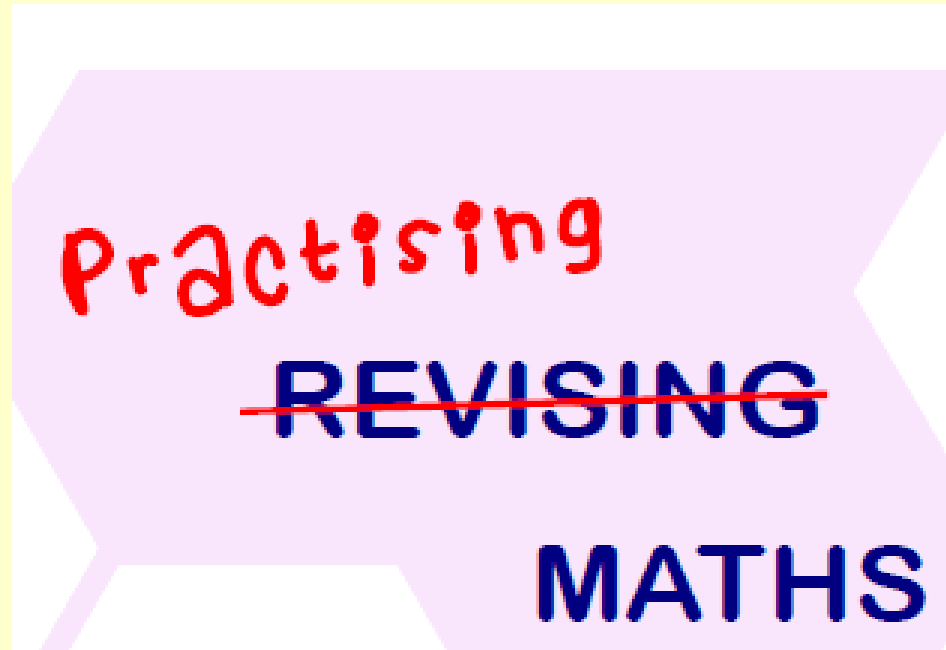
Casio



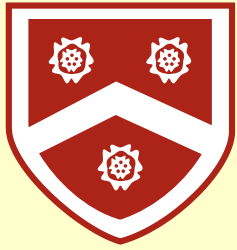
# Maths



What does effective maths revision look like?



To revise maths you need to DO maths!



# Maths

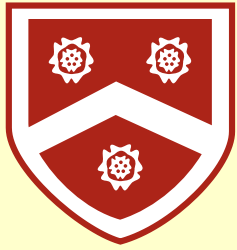


## What does effective maths revision look like?

Short answer: doing questions of appropriate challenge, checking the answers and fixing what you don't know.

- Doing your homework! – Including XP and Target
- Working on topics highlighted in your most recent **QLA**
- Learning key formulae and terminology
- Complete Past Papers and mark online
- Working on your corrections – video walk-throughs
- Attending Revision Sessions





# Maths



## Past paper practice:

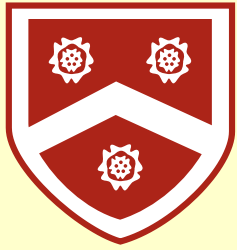
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### In Class

- 1 past paper a fortnight
- 1 formal assessment paper per term
- QLA feedback from formal assessments

### Independent study

- Pick up a paper from the past paper club
- Wed morning A06
- Download from the internet



# Maths Online



Maths Genie

<https://www.mathsgenie.co.uk> > gcse.php

Videos, Exam Questions with Answers

Topics broken down by Grade

Past Paper banks with video walk-throughs

**Sparx Maths** Independent Learning

Personalised questions (HW XP Target)

help videos, automated marking

Codes from Termly assessment QLAs



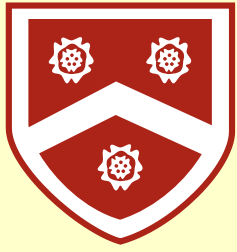
# Corbettmαths

**Corbett Maths** – <https://corbettmaths.com/>

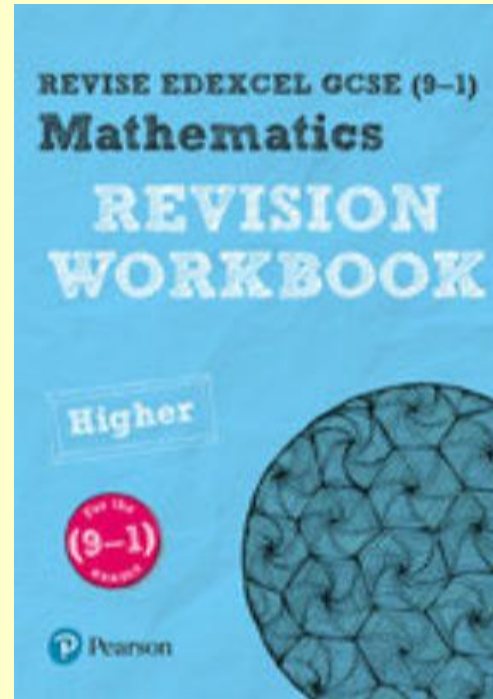
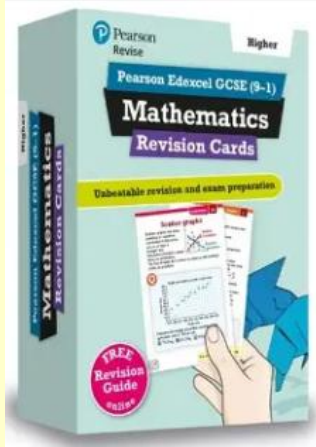
Videos, Exam-style questions with Answers

Textbook exercises broken down by topic

5 a day questions - recall



# Maths Revision materials



Pearson Edexcel



# GCSE Maths Personalised Revision

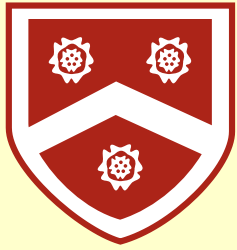


Question Level Analysis (QLA) feedback creates you a **personalised** revision list

Sparx codes for you to type into Independent Learning

Revision needs to become part of your weekly routine, just like Homework

Q	Paper B1 - Question Level Analysis - Sets 4, 5, 6	
1	Naming parts of a circle	U767
2a	Convert between Fractions, Decimals and Percentages (F to D)	U888
2b	Convert between Fractions, Decimals and Percentages (P to F)	U888
2c	Convert between Fractions, Decimals and Percentages (P to F)	U888
2d	Find fractions of amounts without a calculator	U881
3	Simplifying Ratios	U681
4a	Find Area and Perimeter of simple shapes	U993
4b	Find Area and Perimeter of simple shapes	U993
5	Subtraction	U478
6a	Properties of 3D shapes: Faces	U719



# Maths



## Maths Support:

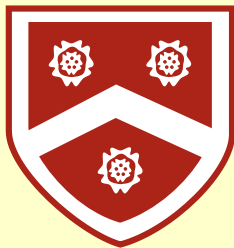
**Online – Sparx Videos/Google it**

**Ask your teacher**

**Lunchtime Sparx help – Every Thursday in A13**

**After school revision – Starts in January**





# GCSE Mathematics Revision

## Foundation & Higher

Wednesday in B01 After school



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Wed 10 <sup>th</sup> Jan	<b>Standard form</b> <b>Angles on parallel lines</b> <b>Volume and surface area</b>
Wed 17 <sup>th</sup> Jan	<b>Rules of indices</b> <b>Angles in polygons</b>
Wed 31 <sup>st</sup> Jan	<b>Time, distance &amp; speed</b> <b>Rounding and bounds</b>
Wed 7 <sup>th</sup> Feb	<b>Angle and line bisectors</b> <b>Pie charts</b>
Wed 21 <sup>st</sup> Feb	<b>Sketching quadratic and cubic graphs</b> <b>Loci</b>
Wed 6 <sup>th</sup> March	<b>Averages from tables</b> <b>Expanding quadratics</b> <b>Transformation</b>
Wed 13 <sup>th</sup> March	<b>Scatter graphs</b> <b>Factorising quadratics</b>
Wed 20 <sup>th</sup> March	<b>Pythagoras</b> <b>Probability trees</b>
Wed 27 <sup>th</sup> March	<b>Rearranging formulae</b> <b>Trigonometry</b>
Wed 17 <sup>th</sup> April	<b>Exchange rates</b> <b>Simultaneous equations</b>
Wed 24 <sup>th</sup> April	<b>Area and perimeter of sectors</b> <b>Compound interest and reverse percentages</b>

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# Year 11 Science



Our exam board is Edexcel.

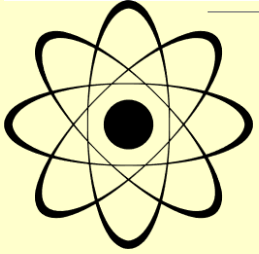
In the summer all students will sit two papers for each science (biology, physics and chemistry).

Separate science students (11RS1) will have

6 x 1 hr 45 minute exams.

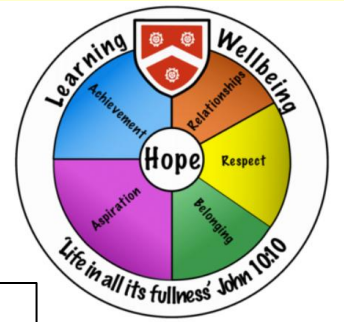
Combined science students will have 6 x 1 hr 10 minute exams.

In the mocks both groups will sit a full paper one..





# Year 11 Science

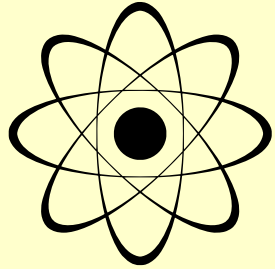


## Higher or foundation?

The foundation tier paper will target grades 1–5.

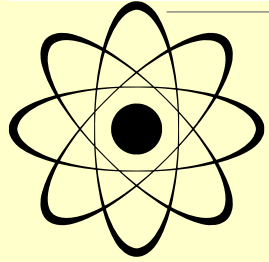
The higher tier paper will target grades 4–9.

Final decisions will be made after the November mocks but currently R1 and R2 are working towards higher and all other sets are foundation groups.





# Year 11 Science



## Topics

Each paper covers specific topics and “key concepts” that are common to each paper.

Detailed information about the topics for each paper will be shared with your child before the mocks and in plenty of time for the summer exams.





# Year 11 Science



## Revision resources

GCSE

### Combined Science - Edexcel

Easy-to-understand homework and revision materials for your GCSE Combined Science Edexcel '9-1' studies and exams

Part of [Combined Science](#)

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GCSE

### Biology (Single Science) - Edexcel

Easy-to-understand homework and revision materials for your GCSE Biology (Single Science) Edexcel '9-1' studies and exams

Part of [Biology \(Single Science\)](#)

- Revision pages
- Quizzes
- Exam practice
- Podcasts

COGNITO

KS3 GCSE

## Biology Flashcards

GCSE Biology - Edexcel Higher Triple

SENECA

Combined Science Physics: Edexcel

All homework will be revision tasks.

YouTube

Search

Pearson Edexcel GCSE (9-1) Science Core Practical videos

CGP

GCSE AQA

**Combined Science**

Includes Free Online Edition, Video Solutions & Digital Quiz

**SAMPLE**

**Revision Guide**

Higher Level

Quizlet



# *Year 11 Busy Year*



- Revision Clubs
- Mock 2 Exams
- Mock Interviews with Rotary Club
- College Open Days
- College Applications
- Bath University Trip (TBC)
- Leavers Hoodies
- Prom
- Dress Your Best leavers Day
- Exams



# *Year 11*

## *Homework/Revision*



- Starting next week.
- Year 11 only will have access to A13 after school Monday for homework/coursework/revision.
- Embedded homework system in place using secure accessible platforms and a clearly presented homework grid.
- IT Manager moved to centralised location to enable students access when having technical difficulties.
- Vitally important students are supported and encouraged at home.
- Year 11 students should be challenging themselves with their homework and moving away from delivering the minimum required.



# Year 11

## Key Dates



- 11<sup>th</sup> September = GCSE Information Evening 6pm -7pm
- w/b 3rd of November Rotary Interviews for year 11
- w/b 10<sup>th</sup> November = Mock Speaking Exams
- w/b 17<sup>th</sup> November = Mock 2 Exams
- **TBC = Bath University and Xmas Market School Trip**
- 15<sup>th</sup> of January = Information Evening
- 2<sup>nd</sup> of February = Subject Evening (online)
- w/b 23<sup>rd</sup> February = Mock 3 Exams
- 5<sup>th</sup> May – 15th June = GCSE Exams (PROVISIONAL DATES)
- Dress Your Best (TBC)
- 22<sup>nd</sup> June = Prom (more details to follow)



# Year 11

## Exam Boards



**Maths:** Edexcel  
**English:** AQA  
**Science:** Edexcel  
**BWV:** EDUQAS  
**Food Preparation and Nutrition:** AQA  
**Geography:** AQA  
**History:** Edexcel  
**French & German:** Edexcel  
**Business:** OCR  
**GCSE PE:** OCR  
**Child Development and Care:** NCFE  
**3d Art and Design:** AQA  
**Photography:** AQA  
**Art:** AQA  
**Film Studies:** WJEC  
**Statistics:** Edexcel

- **Revision Guides** available to purchase by the finance office.



# ***Year 11***

*Tutors are available for questions & support*



## ***Tutor locations:***

***11CMC – A06***

***11 JAC – A07***

***11KJG – A04 (drama room)***

***11 CLV – A02***

***11 CSN – A03***

***11 JMM – A09***

***SEND Team – Upstairs Hub***